



Central Energy Plant – Green Globes Campus



CEP and Site Energy Initiatives

- Hybrid Geothermal Central Energy Plant
 - 105°F HHW supply temperature
 - 44°F CHW supply temperature
 - 1580 Tons (Phase 1, 2, 3)
 - 297 Wells at 500 ft, 650 Tons: Phase 1
 - (1) 500 Ton Heat Pump Centrifugal Chiller & (1)80 Ton Heat Pump Scroll Chiller: Phase 1
 - (1) 500 Ton Heat Pump Centrifugal Chiller/Cooling Tower: Phase 2
 - (1) 500 Ton Heat Pump Centrifugal Chiller/Cooling Tower: Phase 3
- CEP Solar PV System
 - Size: 110kW, 283 Panels
 - Annual Production: 146,898 kWh
 - Net meter with power grid
- Campus Solar PV Site Lighting
 - No wired fixtures
 - No Hybrid fixtures (40+) year payback



Central Energy Plant

 Clouded areas are not connected to CEP. Connected buildings and assumed SF with phasing:

Phase	Building	SF
	CEP	20,000
	Public safety	70,000
1	Technology 4.0	80,000
	General education w/ student services	110,000
2	General classroom	80,000
Z	General classroom	80,000
3	Academic building 4	80,000
	Academic building 5	80,000
	Total	600,000



Thermal Models



• Thermal profiles and peak loads for the various phasing

			Annual	Peak	Peak	Campus area	Heating peak	Cooling peak
Phase	Energy Recovery		kBtu	kBtu	Tons	SF	Btu/SF	SF/ton
1 . 7 . 7	No	Heating	11,088,387	10,825	902	600,000	18.04	
1+2+3	Yes	Cooling	22,306,951	13,341	1,112	600,000		539.67
1 . 2	No	Heating	7,763,604	7,747	646	440,000	17.61	
1+2	Yes	Cooling	12,759,857	9,447	787	440,000		558.91
4	No	Heating	4,438,821	4,668	389	280,000	16.67	
1	Yes	Cooling	8,468,762	6,153	513	280,000		546.11



 Percentage of thermal profile allocation fore each thermal model



Plant Design Options

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Description:	Traditional gas fired boiler, conventional chiller with cooling tower	Full geothermal (sized for 100% of the heating and cooling loads)	Geothermal with ASHP (sized for 100% of the heating, use ASHP for favorable conditions and maintain a balanced borefield) 130°F HHW supply temperature	Geothermal with ASHP (sized for 100% of the heating, use ASHP for favorable conditions and maintain a balanced borefield) 105°F HHW supply temperature	Geothermal with cooling tower (sized for 100% of the heating, balanced borefield) 130°F HHW supply temperature	Geothermal with cooling tower (sized for 100% of the heating, balanced borefield) 105°F HHW supply temperature	Chilled water thermal energy storage (with option #4A parameters)



Equipment Capacity

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Natural gas fired boilers	(4) 4,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH	(2) 3,000 MBH
Chillers / heat pumps	(4) 500-ton	(4) 500-ton	(3) 500-ton	(3) 500-ton	(4) 500-ton	(4) 500-ton	(4) 500-ton
Closed circuit evaporative cooling tower	(4) 500-ton	-	-	-	(1) 500-ton	(1) 500-ton	(1) 500-ton
Simultaneous heat pump	-	(1) 80-ton	(1) 80-ton	(1) 80-ton	(1) 80-ton	(1) 80-ton	(1) 80-ton
Modular ASHP	-	-	(9) 60-ton	(9) 60-ton	-	-	-
Geothermal borefield (at depth of 400')	-	810	390	390	390	390	390
TES tank	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000 ton-hr



Electricity, gas, water consumption

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Simulatneous (kWh)	0	229,456	229,456	152,953	229,456	152,953	124,914
ASHP CLG (kWh)	0	0	971,032	971,032	0	0	0
ASHP HTG (kWh)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEO CLG (kWh)	0	982,260	260,830	260,830	224,130	224,130	232,176
GEO HTG (kWh)	0	584,814	584,814	429,467	584,814	429,467	455,580
HYB CLG (kWh)	1,165,472	0	0	0	821,609	821,609	831,112
HYB HTG (therms)	119,230	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water (gallons)	4,345,901	0	0	0	1,286,179	1,286,179	1,299,556



Energy (MMBTU)

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Simultaneous	0	783	783	522	783	522	426
ASHP CLG	0	0	3,313	3,313	0	0	0
ASHP HTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEO CLG	0	3,351	890	890	765	765	792
GEO HTG	0	1,995	1,995	1,465	1,995	1,465	1,554
HYB CLG	3,977	0	0	0	2,803	2,803	2,836
HYB HTG	11,923	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15,900	6,130	6,981	6,190	6,346	5,555	5,609
Savings over baseline		9,770	8,918	9,709	9,553	10,344	10,291
% savings		61%	56%	61%	60%	65%	65%

Energy







Carbon (MTCO₂)

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Simultaneous	0	78	78	52	78	52	42
ASHP CLG	0	0	328	328	0	0	0
ASHP HTG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEO CLG	0	332	88	88	76	76	78
GEO HTG	0	198	198	145	198	145	154
HYB CLG	394	0	0	0	278	278	281
HYB HTG	634	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,028	607	691	613	628	550	555
Savings over baseline	0	421	336	415	399	478	472
% savings		41%	33%	40%	39%	46%	46%
Cost of carbon savings (\$100/MTCO ₂)	\$0.00	\$42,076.65	\$33,643.51	\$41,476.90	\$39,931.94	\$47,765.32	\$47,237.45

Carbon







Operating Cost Expenditure (OPEX) - MGS

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Electricity consumption	\$79,007.33	\$121,786.79	\$138,707.31	\$122,990.16	\$126,090.01	\$110,372.87	\$111,432.01
Electricity demand	\$36,147.36	\$47,206.10	\$51,772.47	\$45,358.44	\$48,135.48	\$41,087.14	\$40,690.64
Gas consumption	\$66,768.78	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Water consumption	\$58,582.75	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$17,337.69	\$17,337.69	\$17,518.02
Chemical treatment	\$7,773.82	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,300.68	\$2,300.68	\$2,324.61
Maintenance	\$20,163.35	\$10,686.51	\$10,686.51	\$10,686.51	\$13,936.51	\$13,936.51	\$13,936.51
Total	\$268,443.39	\$179,679.39	\$201,166.28	\$179,035.11	\$207,800.36	\$185,034.89	\$185,901.79
Savings over baseline	\$0.00	\$88,763.99	\$67,277.11	\$89,408.28	\$60,643.02	\$83,408.50	\$82,541.60
Savings over baseline including social cost of carbon	\$0.00	\$130,840.65	\$100,920.62	\$130,885.18	\$100,574.96	\$131,173.82	\$129,779.05



OPEX - MGS





Initial Investment Costs

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	CHW thermal storage (with option #4A parameters)
Natural gas fired boilers	\$1,725,061	\$780,455	\$780,455	\$780,455	\$780,455	\$780,455	\$780,455
Chillers / heat pumps	\$2,891,138	\$6,875,559	\$4,874,026	\$4,874,026	\$6,875,559	\$6,875,559	\$6,875,559
Closed circuit evaporative cooling tower	\$3,025,107	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$748,684	\$748,684	\$748,684
Modular ASHP	\$0	\$0	\$2,349,870	\$2,349,870	\$0	\$0	\$0
Glycol & HX	\$0	\$0	\$197,378	\$197,378	\$0	\$0	\$0
Geothermal borefield (at depth of 400')	\$0	\$5,433,333	\$2,600,000	\$2,600,000	\$2,600,000	\$2,600,000	\$2,600,000
TES tank	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$963,515
Total	\$7,641,306	\$13,089,347	\$10,801,729	\$10,801,729	\$11,004,698	\$11,004,698	\$11,968,213
Incremental over baseline	\$0	\$5,448,041	\$3,160,423	\$3,160,423	\$3,363,392	\$3,363,392	\$4,326,907



Life Cycle Cost Assessment (LCCA)

- LCCA input parameters
- Equipment life expectancy
 - Conventional chillers
 - 25 years
 - Condensing boilers
 - 15 years
 - 25 years (geothermal options in which boilers are only used as emergency backup)
 - Evaporative cooling tower
 - 20 years
 - Water-source heat pumps
 - 25 years
 - ASHP
 - 25 years
 - Geothermal borefield
 - > 50 years

LCCA Input parameters	
General inflation	2.7%
Discount rate	3%
Bond rate	5%
Bond period	20 years
LCCA period	25 years



Life Cycle Cost Assessment (LCCA)

- 25-year life cycle economic costs (listed in present value)
- No incentives on geothermal options included yet

	Option # 1	Option # 2	Option # 3	Option # 3A	Option # 4	Option # 4A
	M – 1A	M – 1B	M – 1C	M – 1D	M – 1E	M – 1F
	Traditional chiller and gas fired boiler	Geothermal plant	Geothermal w/ ASHP (130)	Geothermal w/ ASHP (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (130)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)
Electric utility cost	\$1,899,713	\$2,787,878	\$3,142,349	\$2,777,254	\$2,874,207	\$2,498,636
Gas utility cost	\$1,289,871	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Water & chemical treatment	\$1,125,106	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$332,986	\$332,986
Total operating costs	\$4,314,690	\$2,787,878	\$3,142,349	\$2,777,254	\$3,207,193	\$2,831,622
Maintenance	\$341,888	\$181,202	\$181,202	\$181,202	\$236,307	\$236,307
Investment cost	\$7,159,637	\$12,233,029	\$10,120,843	\$10,120,843	\$10,311,018	\$10,311,018
Replacement costs	\$2,530,879	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$377,086	\$377,086
Residual value	-\$1,593,725	-\$1,745,439	-\$840,396	-\$840,396	-\$1,142,299	-\$1,142,299
Net Investment cost*	\$8,096,791	\$10,487,591	\$9,280,446	\$9,280,446	\$9,545,805	\$9,545,805
Total 25-year cost	\$12,753,369	\$13,456,671	\$12,603,998	\$12,238,902	\$12,989,305	\$12,613,734
25-year savings	\$0	-\$703,302	\$149,371	\$514,466	-\$235,936	\$139,634

* Net investment cost includes initial investment cost, replacement costs during the 25-year study period, minus the residual value of all assets



Life Cycle Cost Assessment (LCCA)





Life Cycle Cost Assessment (LCCA) - TES

- Thermal energy storage (TES)
- No savings over 25-year period



	Option # 4A	Option # 5
	M – 2A	M – 2B
	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105)	Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105) – CHW thermal energy storage tank
Electric utility cost	\$2,541,594	\$2,416,828
Gas utility cost	\$0	\$0
Water & chemical treatment	\$332,986	\$332,986
Total operating costs	\$2,874,581	\$2,749,814
Maintenance	\$236,307	\$236,307
Investment cost	\$10,311,018	\$11,213,798
Replacement costs	\$377,086	\$377,086
Residual value	-\$1,142,299	-\$1,379,965
Investment cost*	\$9,545,805	\$10,210,919
Total 25-year cost	\$12,656,692	\$13,197,039
25-year savings (over option #4A)	\$0	-\$540,347

Cooling Tower



Pros:

- Efficiency improvement in low enthalpy conditions
- Reduce outdoor space requirements (compared to air-cooled equipment)
 - 14' x 26' x 20'
 - (L x W x H)
- Can pre-cool geothermal borefield in spring season
 - Don't need to run a compressor to pre-cool ground
- Allows greater flexibility in maintain a healthy balanced ground temperature on the long term
- Better performance during cooling season over ASHP due to lower geo temperatures (not accounted for currently)

Cons:

- Water quality checks necessary to preserve life of equipment
- Water consumption and chemical treatment costs





Air-Source Heat Pump (ASHP)

Pros:

- No water or chemical treatment costs
- Lower overall installed cost at plant vs geothermal w/ cooling tower
 - ASHP plant equipment:
 - (3) 500-ton chillers, (1) 80-ton simultaneous, (1) 460-ton ASHP
 - Geothermal w/ cooling tower equipment:
 - (4) 500-ton chillers, (1) 80-ton simultaneous, (1) 500-ton cooling tower
 - Need (1) less 500-ton chiller in ASHP plant option since the ASHP can serve as a redundant chiller when a 500-ton chiller goes offline
- Lower overall operating cost (including water & chemical treatment)

Cons:

- Large footprint required
 - 56' x 8' x 8.5'
 - (L x W x H)
- Less efficient at high enthalpy conditions (need to run ASHP during peak hours)
- Higher annual electricity peak demand charges
- Higher annual electricity consumption charges
- Less flexibility in maintaining healthy ground temperature
- Requires plate and frame heat exchanger and glycol loop in ASHP





130°F vs 105°F HHW Supply Temperature

- 130°F vs 105°F HHW supply temperature:
 - ~37% increase in heating efficiency
 - kWh and MTCO₂ savings at the plant
 - \$26K savings at the plant
- Equipment manufacturers:
 - Limited manufacturers for centrifugal heat pumps capable of producing 130°F HHW
 - More competitive bid opportunities for centrifugal heat pumps capable of producing 105°F HHW supply
- Domestic hot water:
 - Need to boost water temperature from 100°F (temp after heat exchanger) to 118°F with electric boost
 - Cost associated with this is less than \$6,000 annually for 5,000 gallons of hot total hot water usage for the entire campus

	Simultaneous efficiency (kW/ton)	Heating efficiency (COP)	Heating electricity (kWh)	CO ₂ emissions – Total Plant (MTCO ₂)	Annual OPEX – Total Plant (\$)
130°F HHW	1.29	4.30	814,270	628	\$ 222,906.80
105°F HHW	0.8599	5.92	582,419	550	\$ 196,891.32
Savings	33%	37%	231,850	79	\$26,015.48



Conclusions / Recommendations

- 105°F HHW supply temperature
 - Benefit in heating efficiency will lead to savings annually for the CEP
 - More competitive bid offers on equipment manufacturers
 - Allows for flexibility at building level to select standard or new coil technologies
 - No difference in leaving air temperature on air handlers or VAV boxes (95F)
- Cooling tower
 - Smaller footprint than ASHP
 - Greater flexibility in maintaining healthy geothermal borefield temperature
 - Can pre-cool geothermal borefield and lead to lower operating temps in the summer → (additional savings)
- No CHW TES tank
 - Not viable financially, 25-years worth of operating costs savings won't pay for the tank
- Geothermal w/ cooling tower (105°F HHWS) is preferred solution
 - Lower 25-year cost to baseline
 - Lowest EUI & greatest carbon emissions savings compared to all plant options
 - Environmental stewardship
 - 11,950 MTCO₂ savings over 25-year period compared to traditional plant options



Cooling Tower & Geothermal (Full Buildout Balanced)

- Combination of cooling tower and geothermal cooling and heating
- Utilized cooling tower in cooler ambient conditions for all cooling load that is less than 75°F OA temperature up to 500 tons capacity
- Utilize cooling tower in high OA ambient temperatures over 650 tons to minimize GLHE size
 - Unbalanced heating peak ~650 tons (what GLHE is sized for)
- Balanced GLHE
 - Minimizes GLHE size
 - No temperature creep of GLHE
 - Maximizes GLHE performance

	Annual load	Heat rejected/extracted from borefield
Geothermal cooling	4,937,580	6,418,854
Geothermal heating	8,313,573	6,395,056





Central Energy Plant Phased Buildout

